

Homework:

A plate is dropped on the floor and shatters into three pieces. The first piece ($m=50\text{ g}$) slides to the right across the floor at 1.5 m/s . The second piece ($m=150\text{ g}$) slides at 120° to the first piece at 1.0 m/s . The third piece has a mass of 300 g - what is its velocity?

Relative Velocities

- Frames of Reference

Let's assume a person can throw a 20 kg anchor at a speed of 5 m/s. If we put them in a boat (assume total mass of person and boat is 100 kg), how fast will the person and boat be travelling after the anchor is thrown?

relative to water

$$\sum \vec{p} = \sum \vec{p}'$$

$$0 = m_B v_B' - m_A v_A'$$

$$20(5 - v_B') = 100 v_B'$$

$$100 = 120 v_B'$$

$$v_B' = 0.83 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_A' = 5 - v_B'$$

$$v_A' = 4.17 \text{ m/s}$$

($v_A' + v_B' = 5$
or $|\vec{v}_B - \vec{v}_A| = 5$)

A person ($m=60$ kg) is stuck on ice ($\mu=0$). If they have two boots (each with a mass of 2 kg) and can throw them at a speed of 10 m/s each, would they be better to throw them simultaneously or individually (which would result in a greater speed for the person)?

Both together

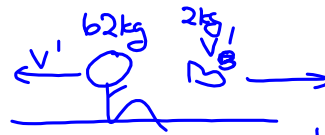


$$v' = 10 - v_B'$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \vec{p} &= \sum \vec{p}' \\ \text{☺} &= m_B v_B' - m v' \\ 60(10 - v_B') &= 4v_B' \\ 64v_B' &= 600 \\ v_B' &= 9.375 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{so } v' = 0.625 \text{ m/s}$$

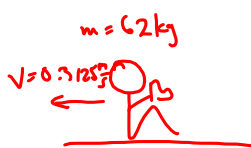
One boot at a time



$$v' = 10 - v_B'$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{☺} &= m_B v_B' - m v' \\ 62(10 - v_B') &= 2v_B' \\ 620 &= 64v_B' \\ v_B' &= \frac{620}{64} = 9.6875 \\ v' &= 0.3125 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

2nd boot



$$v' = 10 - v_B'$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \vec{p} &= \sum \vec{p}' \\ -m v &= -m' v' + m_B v_B \\ -62(0.3125) &= -60(10 - v_B') + 2v_B' \\ 600 - 19.375 &= 62v_B' \\ \frac{580.625}{62} &= v_B' \\ v_B' &= 9.3649 \text{ m/s} \\ v' &= 10 - 9.3649 = 0.6351 \text{ m/s} > 0.625 \text{ m/s!} \end{aligned}$$

Homework: Sheet # 2,3 , Text p.513, # 38
Work on problem set: due TBA