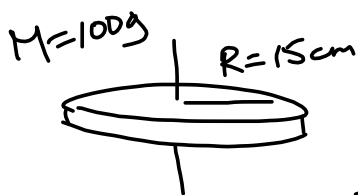


Example 1: Disk



$$\omega_i = 0$$

$$\omega_f = 50 \text{ rpm} = \frac{2\pi \times 50}{60} \text{ s}^{-1} = \frac{5}{3}\pi \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$t = 2.50 \text{ s}$$

$$\tau = ?$$

$$\sum \tau = I \alpha$$

$$= (1.125 \times 10^{-3}) \left( \frac{2}{3} \pi \right)$$

$$= 2.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{t}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5}{3}\pi - 0 \text{ s}^{-1}}{2.5 \text{ s}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\pi \text{ s}^{-2}$$

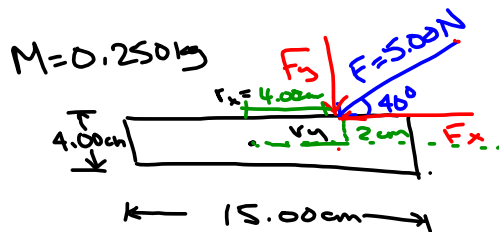
$$I = \frac{1}{2} MR^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (0.100) (0.15 \text{ m})^2$$

$$= 1.125 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

$$\theta = \frac{l}{r} = \frac{[m]}{[m]} = [1]$$

Example 2: Pushing on a block at an angle



How many revolutions after  $0.300 \text{ s}$

$$\Sigma \tau = \underbrace{F_y r_x}_{\text{CW rotation}} - \underbrace{F_x r_y}_{\text{CCW rotation}} = (5.00 \sin 40^\circ)(0.04) - (5.00 \cos 40^\circ)(0.02) = 0.051 \text{ Nm}$$

(table)

$$\Sigma \tau = I \alpha$$

$$0.051 = (4.69 \times 10^{-4}) \alpha$$

$$\alpha = 1.1 \times 10^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{12} ML^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} (0.25)(0.15)^2$$

$$= 4.69 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

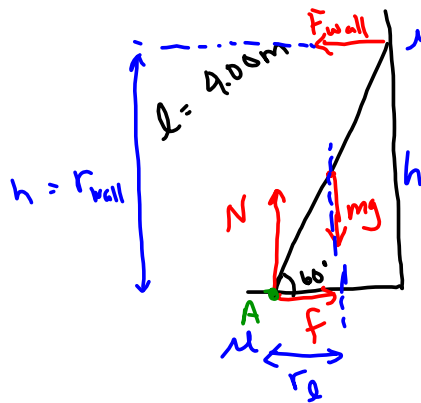
$$\Theta = \cancel{\omega_i t} + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1.1 \times 10^2 \text{ s}^{-2}) (0.30 \text{ s})^2$$

$$= 4.9 \text{ rad.}$$

$$= \frac{4.9}{2\pi} = 0.78 \text{ revolutions.}$$

Example 3: The ladder on the wall



$$m = 10 \text{ kg}$$

$\mu = ?$  to keep it from sliding?

$$\Sigma F = 0$$

$$N = mg = 98 \text{ N}$$

$$f = F_{\text{wall}}$$

$$f = \mu_{\text{min}} N$$

$$\Sigma \tau_A = 0$$

$$\Sigma \tau_{\text{cw}} = \Sigma \tau_{\text{ccw}}$$

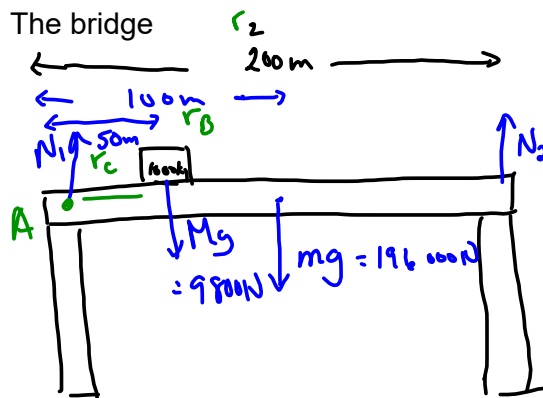
$$mg \cdot r_g = F_{\text{wall}} \cdot r_{\text{wall}}$$

$$98 \text{ N} \cdot 2 \text{ m} \cos 60^\circ = F_{\text{wall}} \cdot 4 \text{ m} \sin 60^\circ$$

$$F_{\text{wall}} = \frac{98 \text{ N}}{4 \sin 60^\circ} = \underline{\underline{28 \text{ N}}} = f$$

$$\mu_{\text{min}} = \frac{f}{N} = \frac{28 \text{ N}}{98 \text{ N}} = 0.29$$

Example 4: The bridge



$$m = 20\,000\text{ kg}$$

$$\Sigma F = \ominus$$

$$N_1 + N_2 = mg + Mg \\ = 205800\text{ N}$$

$$N_1 = 205800 - 100450\text{ N} \\ = \underline{\underline{105350\text{ N}}}$$

$\Sigma \tau = \ominus$  around any and every point.

$$\Sigma \tau_A = \ominus$$

$$\Sigma \tau_{\text{ccw}} = \Sigma \tau_{\text{cw}}$$

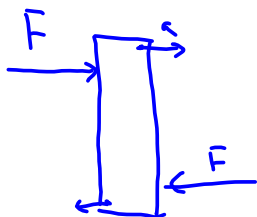
$$Mg \cdot r_c + mg \cdot r_B = N_2 \cdot r_2$$

$$9800\text{ N} \cdot 50\text{ m} + 196000\text{ N} \cdot 100\text{ m} = N_2 \cdot 200\text{ m}$$

$$N_2 = \underline{\underline{100450\text{ N}}}$$



$$\Sigma F = 0$$



$$\Sigma F = 0 \leftarrow \text{insufficient criterion for static equilibrium}$$

$$\Sigma \tau = 0 \leftarrow \text{Need this too!}$$