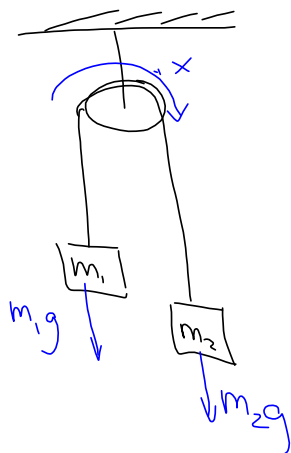


Pulleys

RECALL: ATWOOD MACHINE

ASSUME PULLEY, ROPE ARE LIGHT.

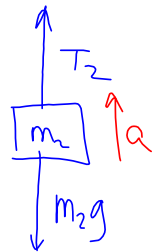
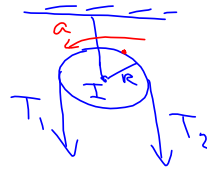
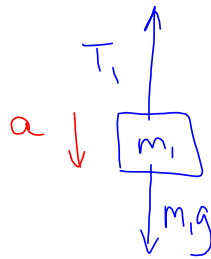


$$\Sigma F = (m_2 - m_1)g = (m_1 + m_2)a$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_1 + m_2} g \hat{x}$$

BUT WHAT IF PULLEY ISN'T LIGHT?

ASSUME ROPE IS LIGHT, NO FRICTION ON THE AXLE OF THE PULLEY, NO SLIPPAGE BETWEEN ROPE AND PULLEY



$$m_1g - T_1 = m_1a \quad \Sigma \tau = T_1R - T_2R = I\alpha \quad T_2 - m_2g = m_2a$$

$$T_1 = m_1g - m_1a \quad (T_1 - T_2)R = I \frac{a}{R} \quad T_2 = m_2g + m_2a$$

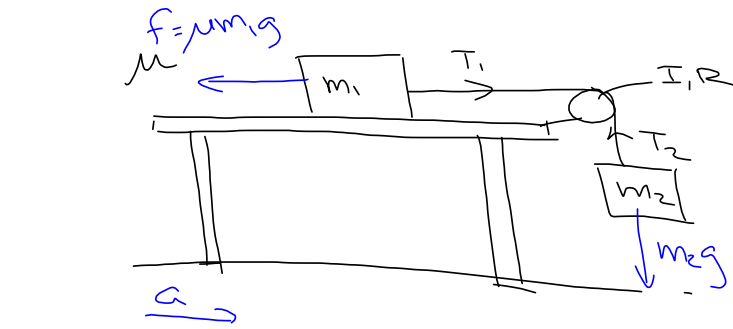
$$(m_1g - m_1a - m_2g - m_2a)R^2 = I a$$

$$(m_1g - m_2g)R^2 = (I + m_1R^2 + m_2R^2) a$$

$$a = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{I + m_1R^2 + m_2R^2} R^2 g$$

$$= \frac{m_1 - m_2}{I/R^2 + m_1 + m_2} g$$

Find a, T_1, T_2 .



$$\Sigma F = ma$$

$$(m_2 - \mu m_1)g = (m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2})a$$

$$a = \frac{m_2 - \mu m_1}{m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2}} g$$

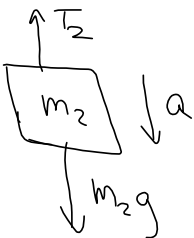


$$T_1 - \mu m_1 g = m_1 \left(\frac{m_2 - \mu m_1}{m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2}} \right) g$$

$$T_1 = m_1 g \left(\frac{m_2 - \mu m_1}{m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2}} + \mu \right)$$

$$= m_1 g \left(\frac{m_2 - \cancel{\mu m_1} + \cancel{\mu m_1} + \mu m_2 + \mu \frac{I}{R^2}}{m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2}} \right)$$

$$= m_1 g \left(\frac{m_2 + \mu m_2 + \mu \frac{I}{R^2}}{m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2}} \right)$$



$$m_2 g - T_2 = m_2 (a)$$

$$T_2 = m_2 g \left(\frac{m_2 - \mu m_1}{m_1 + m_2 + \frac{I}{R^2}} \right)$$

Rotational Energy

RECALL:

$$PE = Mgh$$



l

$$M = \odot$$

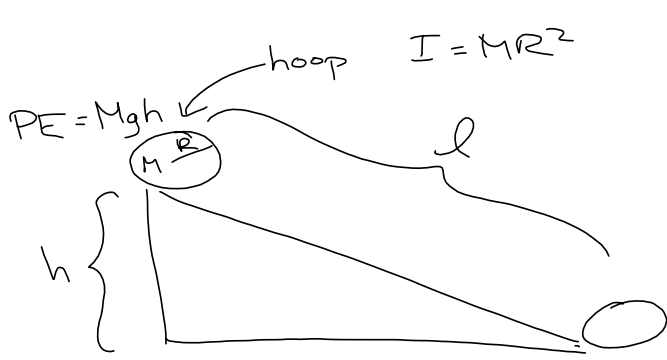


$$v = ?$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} M v_f^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} M v_f^2 = Mgh$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{2gh}$$



Assume
No slippage

PE = Mgh

$v_f = ?$

KE = $\frac{1}{2} M v_f^2$
 RE = $\frac{1}{2} I \omega_f^2$

Rotational Kinetic Energy
 RE = $\frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$

$$Mgh = \frac{1}{2} M v_f^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega_f^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} M v_f^2 + \frac{1}{2} (MR^2) \frac{v_f^2}{R^2}$$

$$Mgh = M v_f^2$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{gh}$$