

Homework: Questions?

$$F_{Eg} = 5.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ N} \quad 2 \text{ cm} : 1 \text{ N}$$

$$10.00 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Scale} = \frac{10.00 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}}{5.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ N}}$$

$$2.00 \pm 0.08 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{N}}$$

$$\text{length } F_{ix} = 8.05 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}$$

$$F_{ix} = \frac{8.05 \pm 0.05 \text{ cm}}{2.00 \pm 0.08 \text{ cm/N}}$$

$$= 4.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ N}$$

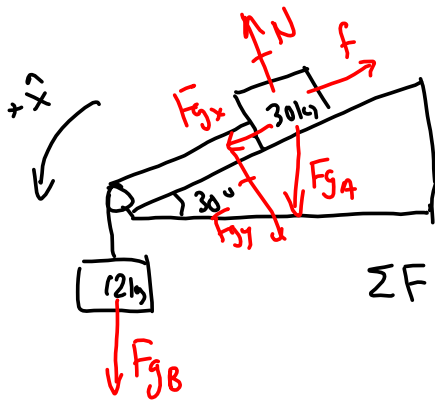
$$\frac{\delta Q}{|Q|} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\delta a}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\delta b}{b}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(0.005)^2 + (0.04)^2}$$

$$\delta Q = 0.0405 \times |Q| \leftarrow 2$$

$$= 0.08$$

5.



$$\mu = 0.20$$

$$\Sigma F = (F_{gB} + F_{Tx}) - f = (m_A + m_B) a$$

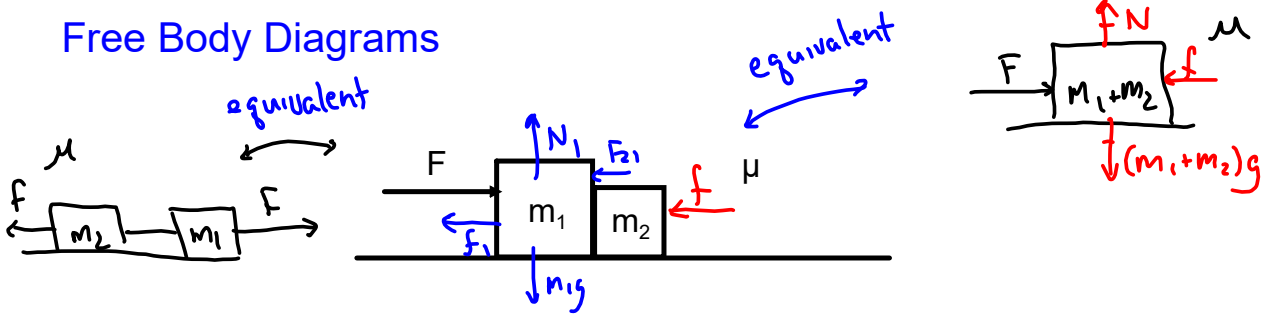
$$12 \cdot g + 30 \cdot g \cdot \sin 30^\circ - 0.20 \cdot 30 \cdot g \cdot \cos 30^\circ = 42a$$

$$27g - 3\sqrt{3}g = 42a$$

$$214 = 42a$$

$$a = \underline{5.1 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

Free Body Diagrams



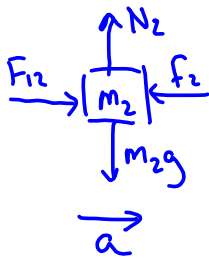
In the situation above find:
 The acceleration, and
 the force m_1 puts on m_2 .
interaction force

$$\Sigma F = F - f = (m_1 + m_2) a$$

$$\frac{F - \mu(m_1 + m_2)g}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{(m_1 + m_2) a}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m_1 + m_2} - \mu g$$

FBD - choose m_2 since it has fewer forces.

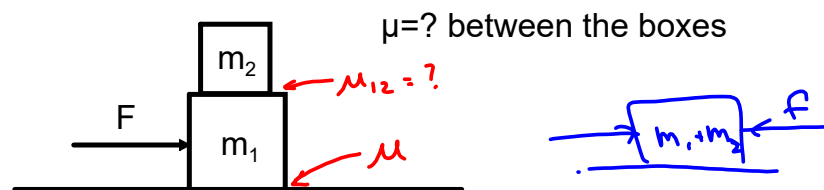


$$\Sigma F = F_{12} - f_2 = m_2 a$$

$$F_{12} - \mu m_2 g = m_2 \left(\frac{F}{m_1 + m_2} - \mu g \right)$$

$$F_{12} - \cancel{\mu m_2 g} = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} F - \cancel{\mu m_2 g}$$

$$F_{12} = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} F$$

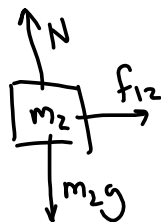


If the coefficient of friction between m_1 and the ground is μ , what is the minimum coefficient of friction between the two boxes in order for the two boxes to move with the same acceleration without slipping?

As a system this question is identical to the last. Only the interaction force has changed
So

$$a = \frac{F}{m_1 + m_2} - \mu g$$

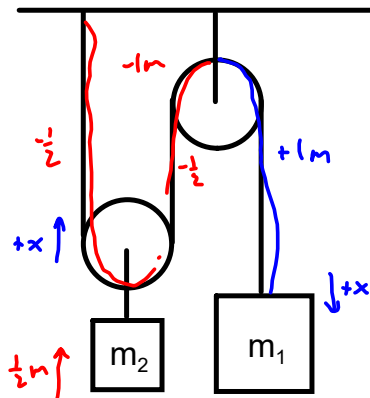
FBD - m_2



$$\Sigma F = f_{12} = m_2 a$$

$$\mu_{12} m_2 g = m_2 \left(\frac{F}{m_1 + m_2} - \mu g \right)$$

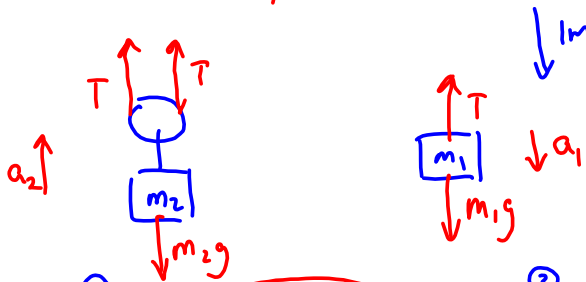
$$\boxed{\mu_{12, \min} = \frac{F}{(m_1 + m_2)g} - \mu}$$



Find the acceleration of both masses.

We can't look at the system as a whole $a_1 \neq a_2$

$$a_1 = 2a_2 \quad (1)$$



$$\textcircled{2} \quad \Sigma F = 2T - m_2g = m_2a_2$$

$$2(m_1g - 2m_1a_2) - m_2g = m_2a_2$$

$$2m_1g - m_2g = (4m_1 + m_2)a_2$$

$$\frac{2m_1 - m_2}{4m_1 + m_2} g = a_2$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \Sigma F = m_1g - T = m_1a_1$$

$$T = m_1g - m_1a_1 = m_1g - 2m_1a_2$$

$$a_1 = \frac{4m_1 - 2m_2}{4m_1 + m_2} g$$

Homework: p.478 #14-16