Electric Work and Power

- 1. A generator transfers 1.0 C of charge through a potential difference of 110 V. a. What work does the generator do? (110 J)
 - b. What is the potential energy of 1.0 C of charge after the transfer? (110 J)
- 2. What work is done by the chemical energy of a dry cell to transfer 5.0 C of negative charge from its positive plate to its negative plate? The dry cell is rated at 1.5 V. (7.5 J)
- 3. How much work does the chemical energy of a 90 V battery do to transfer 30 C of charge between its plates? $(2.7 \times 10^3 J)$
- 4. A generator transfers 50 C of charge through a potential difference of 110 V.
 - a. What work does the generator do to transfer this charge? $(5.5 \times 10^3 J)$
 - b. The generator accomplishes this work in 5.0 s. How much work does it do per second? $(1.1 \times 10^3 J/s)$
 - c. What power does the generator deliver in watts? $(1.1 \times 10^3 W)$
 - d. What is the power of the generator in kilowatts? (1.1 kW)
- 5. The current through a light bulb connected across the terminals of a 120 V outlet is 0.50 A. At what rate does the bulb use electric energy? (60 W)
- 6. A 90 V battery causes a current of 2.0 A to flow through a lamp. What is the power of the lamp? (180 W)
- 7. A toaster connected to a 120 V source uses 4.0 A of current. What power does the toaster use? (480 W)
- 8. A light bulb uses 1.2 A when connected across a 120 V source. What is the wattage of the bulb? (144 W)